

# Jefferson County Public Utilities District

**Procurement Policies and Procedures** 

Effective Date: 02/2025

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Effective Date: 04/2024 Approval Date: 04/2024 Last Revised Date: TBD

#### I. PURPOSE

The overall purpose of these Procurement Policies and Procedures is to establish guidelines that will allow Jefferson County Public Utilities District (JPUD) to acquire the highest quality goods and services, at the best price possible, while ensuring compliance with all federal and state laws, regulations, ordinances, and policies, including the Office of Management and Budget Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Further, these Procurement Policies and Procedures are aimed at streamlining the process of procurement while maintaining adequate controls to ensure that all purchases made with JPUD funds:

- Are properly requested, documented, and approved;
- Are supported by documentation that adequate due diligence was performed, based on the dollar threshold and type of purchase; and
- Promote fair and open competition, without bias or conflicts, permitting JPUD to obtain the best prices and quality.

# II. SCOPE

These Procurement Policies and Procedures apply to all JPUD employees involved in the procurement process and to all types of procurement activities including requesting or approving purchases, performing due diligence for purchases, receiving purchased goods and services, processing purchase requests, or performing other procurement functions on behalf of JPUD. These policies and procedures are applicable to all JPUD departments or other entities who manage and expend funds from JPUD's General Fund or from JPUD received Grant Funds.

These Procurement Policies and Procedures supersede any other procurement policies and procedures previously established by JPUD or by its Programs, Board, or other entities.

Throughout this document, words like "must" and "should" are used. When the term "must" is used, no group or individual has the authority to deviate from the specific policy or procedure. The term "should"

is used to convey that employees are expected to follow the policy and procedures as written and are required to justify any deviations. Deviations should only occur when the specifics of the situation justify a reasonable departure from the policies and procedures.

#### III. REFERENCES

- Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)
- Revised Code of Washington (RCW)
  - RCW 39.04.010 (Public Works—Definitions)
  - RCW 39.04.105 (Competitive bidding—Written protests—Notice of contract execution)
  - RCW 39.04.151-154 (Small works roster)
  - RCW 39.04.190 (Purchase contract process—Other than formal sealed bidding)
  - RCW 39.04.200 (Small works roster or purchase contracts—Listing of contracts awarded required)
  - RCW 39.04.280 (Competitive bidding requirements—Exemptions)
  - RCW 39.04.320 (Apprenticeship training programs—Public works contracts—Adjustment of specific projects—Report and collection of agency data—Apprenticeship utilization advisory committee created)
  - RCW 39.19.060 (Compliance with public works and procurement goals—Plan to maximize opportunity for minority and women-owned businesses)
  - RCW 39.26.010 (Procurement of Goods and Services—Definitions)
  - RCW 39.80.040 (Procurement of architectural and engineering services—Submission of statement of qualifications and performance data—Participation by minority and womenowned firms and veteran-owned firms)
  - RCW 49.48.082 (Wage complaints—Definitions)
  - RCW 54.04.082 (Alternative bid procedure)
- JPUD's Contract Management Policies and Procedures
- JPUD's Accounts Payable Policies and Procedures
- JPUD's Financial Reporting, Close, and Reconciliations Policies and Procedures
- JPUD's Conflict of Interest Policies and Procedures
- JPUD's Budget Policies and Procedures

# IV. DEFINITIONS

The definitions below are for standard wording referred to throughout JPUD's Procurement Policies and Procedures and apply to all instances where a word/phrase is used unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

- Blanket Purchase Orders: A purchase order (PO) under which a vendor agrees to provide goods or services for a purchase-on-demand basis. The PO generally establishes prices, terms, conditions, and the period covered by the order (typically one fiscal year).
- Board of Commissioners (Board): The governing body of JPUD.
- Consultant: A professional or firm that provides expert advice or services in a specific field.
- Contract: Any binding agreement between two or more persons/parties for the procurement of goods and/or services. Any contract document, regardless of what it is called, for the procurement of supplies. References to a "contract" shall be deemed to include all documents attached to or incorporated in the contract, such as invitation to bid, proposal, specifications, exhibits, and addenda.
- **Contractor:** A person or entity that is engaged in the business of constructing, altering, repairing, or improving buildings, structures, or other improvements on real property.
- **Designee:** An employee who has been delegated approval to perform a function.
- **Dig Slip:** A JPUD internal procedure for tracking hours associated with a public works project under \$10,000. The dig slip is used to compare the labor, material, and equipment hours with the invoice and to provide a JPUD representative for billing questions.
- **Direct Contracting:** The process by which JPUD enters into a contract directly with a vendor or service provider without going through a competitive bidding process.
- **Emergency:** For purposes of this policy, when referring to an "emergency" purchase, an emergency is defined as a sudden, unexpected occurrence that poses a clear and imminent danger and requires immediate action to prevent or mitigate the loss or impairment of life, health, property, or essential service.
- Goods: Defined as physical, tangible items that are procured to benefit JPUD or meet a need of JPUD.
- "Items of Like Kind" (DEFINITION) [RCW 54.04.070; 54.04.080: "Items of like-kind" are defined as items that are of the same insulation, material, length, width, size, voltage, phases, current rating, interrupting rating, voltage rating, strength, diameter, weight, capacity, function, physical design, pressure, etc. that are considered interchangeable and perform in the same manner.
- National Information Solutions Cooperative (NISC) System: JPUD's financial and accounting system.
- Open Purchase Order: A purchase order (PO) but the related goods have yet to be received or only part of an order has been received.
- **Procurement:** The procedures for obtaining goods or services, including all activities from the planning steps and preparation and processing of a purchase requisition (PR) through receipt and acceptance of delivery and processing of a final payment.
- **Professional Services:** Specialized services provided by individuals or firms that require advanced education, training, and expertise in a specific field.
- Project Coordinator: A JPUD employee that has been assigned to be the lead employee on a given project.
- **Public Work:** All work, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement other than ordinary maintenance, executed at JPUD's expense, or which is by law a lien or charge on any JPUD property.

- Purchase Requisition: A document used to make a purchase or an order request, on behalf of the
  JPUD, that is associated with an approval workflow in the NISC. The PR is utilized to document all
  details of purchase requests including the related goods/services requested, specifications, delivery
  date and location preferences, and account coding. The creation of a PR notifies approvers of the
  purchase need.
- **Requestor:** The original person within JPUD who is requesting that a specific purchase be approved and processed.
- Services: Defined as activities provided to JPUD for a job for which the required technical expertise does not exist in house at JPUD, or a job that is not ongoing and hence does not require a full-time employee.
- Small Works Roster: A list of contractors who are prequalified to perform public works projects that fall below a certain dollar threshold. The small works roster is designed to streamline the procurement process for small-scale construction, repair, or improvement projects.
- **Specifications:** A complete description of the physical and/or functional characteristics and quantity of the goods/supplies to be provided, or the complete directions, provisions, and requirements for the performance of services.
- Split Purchase: A split purchase occurs when the quantity of a required item or service is known before the initial purchase and is divided into multiple purchases to avoid the requirement for obtaining bids or proposals. Split purchases are prohibited and are considered fraud, waste, and/or abuse by auditors and in violation of best practices standards.
- **Vendor:** Any supplier, contractor, or consultant from which JPUD receives equipment, goods, supplies, materials, and/or services.

#### V. POLICIES

#### A. General Procurement Policies

- 1. All employees responsible for requisitioning, purchasing, and contracting for goods/services on behalf of JPUD shall be responsible for reviewing and understanding these Procurement Policies and Procedures.
- 2. Each procurement action must comply with the requirements set forth in the appropriate sections of this policy and applicable law.
- 3. Delegation of approval authority is permitted unless specifically prohibited within these policies. Delegation must be documented in writing.
- 4. Per RCW 54.04.070 the District may opt to seek quotes for any work under \$150,000 exclusive of sales tax if more than a single craft or trade is involved with the public works project or under \$75,500 exclusive of sales tax if only a single craft or trade is involved without utilizing the Small Works Roster process.
- 5. For the purchase of materials, equipment and supplies "ITEMS OF LIKE KIND" as described above under IV. DEFINITIONS, are those items purchased outside of a public works project

solicitation. Materials, equipment and supplies ordered as part of a public works project are acquired through the public works project bid documents. Any ITEMS OF LIKE KIND purchase cannot be obtained as a SPLIT PURCHASE as described above under IV. DEFINITIONS.

# B. Purchase Requestion Policies

- 1. Any employee is permitted to initiate a PR after the budget availability has been verified.
- 2. A properly approved and supported PR, as defined within these policies, is required for all JPUD purchases, except for recurring expenses such as utility or internet bills.
- 3. Modifications to previously approved PRs must be requested through the Department Manager or designee and, dependent on the dollar amount of the modification, may require the PR to be rerouted for approval and may require additional due diligence to be performed.

#### C. Thresholds for Required Due Diligence Policies

- JPUD has established defined levels of due diligence, dependent on specified dollar thresholds. Adequate due diligence ensures that JPUD obtains the best possible price for goods and services and ensures that JPUD's funds are used appropriately and responsibly.
- a. Up to \$9,999.99 (\$2,000 for federally funded small public works projects): Do not require formal documentation of due diligence; however, reasonable efforts (i.e., consider whether the price is fair, and the goods/services meet the needs of JPUD) in selecting a vendor should be applied.
- b. \$10,000 (\$2,001 for federally funded small public works projects) to \$29,999.99: Purchases within this range require documentation of a minimum of three informal quotes.
- c. \$30,000 to \$75,500 (single craft or trade) \$150,000 (multiple crafts or trades) \$120,000 for materials: Purchases within this range may use the:
  - i. Sealed bid request (bid) process for goods or services
  - ii. Competitive Request for Proposal (RFP) process for professional services
  - iii. Alternative bidding procedure of creating a vendor list and seeking quotes from those vendors as allowed under RCW 39.04.190.
  - iv. Small Works Roster process
    - A) JPUD shall maintain a vendor list to obtain quotes directly from vendors when awarding contracts for any materials, supplies, or service purchases.
    - B) At least twice per year, JPUD must publish, in a local newspaper of general circulation, a notice of the existence of the vendor list and solicit names and contact information of vendors to add to the list.
    - C) When using this alternative bidding procedure, JPUD must obtain at least three quotes, when possible, via telephone or in writing.
    - D) All quotes obtained must be retained according to JPUD retention requirements and must be open to public inspection, if requested.
- d. \$75,500 (single craft or trade), \$150,000 (multiple crafts or trades) to \$250,000
  - i. Sealed bid request for public work projects

- ii. Competitive Request for Proposals (RFP) process for professional services
- iii. Small Works Roster process
- e. Greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials): Purchases greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials) require the sealed bid request (bid) process for goods and public works projects or the competitive Request for Proposal (RFP) process for professional services. \$250,000 is the current Simplified Acquisition Threshold determined by the federal government.
  - 2. For public works projects with an estimated cost of \$250,000 or less excluding state sales tax, JPUD may utilize the small works roster option allowed under RCW 39.04.151 through 39.04.154 to include responsible Washington contractors who wish to be included on the small works roster, which will be maintained by a third-party, Municipal Research and Services Center (MRSC Rosters).
- a. If the public works project will use federal award dollars, then JPUD must not use the small works roster for projects with an estimated cost greater than \$250,000. JPUD must follow the formal sealed bid process in this instance to comply with federal procurement requirements.
- b. MRSC Rosters shall maintain one or more small works rosters for JPUD for different specialties, categories of anticipated work, or geographic areas served by contractors on the small works roster.
- c. At least once per year, JPUD must publish, in a local newspaper of general circulation, a notice of the existence of the small works roster and solicit names and contact information of contractors to add to the roster. JPUD must also reach out directly to the Washington State Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises to solicit contractors for the roster. MRSC Rosters will manage this requirement on behalf of JPUD.
- **d.** JPUD will not use the MRSC Rosters small works roster process to break up a project into smaller units as a means to circumvent procurement requirements.
- e. When soliciting quotes from contractors on the MRSC Rosters small works roster, JPUD must include the expected scope of work, including the nature of the work to be performed, the cost estimate, and the materials and equipment to be furnished. JPUD must obtain the quotes in written or electronic format and should obtain quotes to assure that a competitive price is established and to award the contract to the responsible bidder with the lowest, responsive bid.
- f. For small public works projects estimated at less than \$150,000 not including sales tax, JPUD may contract directly with a certified small business (as defined in chapter 395 of Laws of 2023, which can be found in RCW 39.04.010 and 39.19.030) and not follow the competitive process detailed above as follows:
  - i. If there are six or more contractors meeting the definition of small business on the MRSC Rosters roster, JPUD must direct contract with one of those small businesses on the roster that have indicated interest in performing work for JPUD. On ensuing small public works projects, JPUD must then rotate contractors and select a different contractor from the roster that has not been utilized.
  - ii. If there are five or fewer contractors meeting the definition of small business on the MRSC Rosters roster, JPUD may direct contract with any contractor on the applicable roster.

- iii. When direct contracting on a small public works project, JPUD must notify small, minority, women, or veteran-owned businesses on the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster and shall adhere to an internal business utilization policy according to RCW 39.04.152.
- iv. If JPUD decides not to follow the above requirements for a given small public works project, then it must electronically invite and review bids from all contractors on the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster that have indicated interest in performing work for JPUD. JPUD will award to the lowest, responsible bidder.
- g. Annually, JPUD will make available a list of small works contracts awarded and contractors contacted for direct negotiation pursuant to RCW 39.04.200.

# D. Formal Request for Proposal and Bid Policies

1. RFP and Bid Initiation

Department Managers or their designees are responsible for initiating and overseeing the competitive RFP or formal bid process for all purchases expected to be greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials).

- **a.** The Department Manager or designee must provide a review and approval prior to a notice being advertised.
- b. All RFP and bid requests must be supported by a notice inviting prospective vendors and/or contractors to submit proposals/bids, which must be posted in a local newspaper and trade journal.
- c. All questions related to an RFP/bid should be directed to the General Manager, or designee, if possible, to prevent any appearance of favoritism towards a vendor/contractor.
  - 2. Proposal/Bid Receipt

Opening and Evaluation: All proposals/bids must be received by the Project Coordinator. The following policies apply:

- a. The opening of each proposal/bid must include at least the Project Coordinator and one individual from the requesting department (which may include contractors) or the General Manager or Assistant General Manager.
- b. The proposal/bid opening details (date, time, members, etc.) must be documented and adhered to.
- c. Proposals/bid responses are reviewed by the Project Coordinator and an individual from the requesting department (which may include contractors) or General Manager and must be evaluated based on the vendor/contractor selection criteria defined (refer to VI. Procedures, Section D).
- d. The Project Coordinator and individual from the requesting department (which may include contractors) or General Manager will be required to present their completed Vendor Scorecard (sample attached in Appendix B) to determine the lowest, responsible bidder. This Vendor Scorecard results must be documented.

#### E. Purchasing Exception Policies

#### 1. Sole Source Procurement

For a purchase to qualify as a sole source procurement, it must meet one of the criteria specifically described in these Policies and Procedures (refer to VI. Procedures, Section E). The requestor is required to complete a Sole Source Justification Form (See Appendix A) that describes the nature of the purchase, vendor/contractor, estimated cost, and specific situation/circumstance that qualifies the purchase for sole sourcing. The Sole Source Justification Form must be approved by the Board.

#### 2. Emergency Purchases

An emergency is defined as a sudden, unexpected occurrence that poses a clear and imminent danger and requires immediate action to prevent or mitigate the loss or impairment of life, health, property, or essential service.

- a. Every effort should be made to notify the General Manager before the emergency purchase.
- b. Within 72 hours of the emergency purchase, the Department Manager is responsible for initiating the required PO, which must include a brief summary describing the nature of the purchase, vendor/contractor, actual cost, emergency circumstance, and any efforts made to obtain prior General Manager approval.
- **c.** Emergency purchases must be reviewed by the Board after the General Manager approves the purchase.
- **d.** Emergency purchases are not valid for contrived urgencies resulting from the lack of planning and organization.

# F. Purchasing Request Approval Policies

- 1. Approval levels are defined, based on dollar thresholds, for all POs.
- a. The Department Manager, or their designee, must approve all purchases for their department and is responsible for ensuring that:
  - i. the goods/services are necessary, appropriate, and within the approved budget;
  - ii. all supporting documentation is attached and in compliance with these Policies and Procedures; and
  - iii. if the purchase is funded through a grant, the purchase is allowable.
- b. The General Manager, or their designee, must approve all purchases greater than \$25,000 for JPUD and is responsible for ensuring that:
  - i. the goods/services are necessary, appropriate, and within the approved budget;
  - ii. all supporting documentation is attached and in compliance with these policies and procedures;
  - iii. the general ledger coding of the expense is correct; and
  - iv. if the purchase is funded through a grant, the purchase is allowable.
- c. The Board must approve all purchases greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials) and must ensure that the purchase appears reasonable and consistent with JPUD's goals and responsibilities.

# G. Receiving Policies

- 1. The procurement process cannot be completed without certification that the goods and/or services procured have been received entirely to JPUD's satisfaction.
- 2. Whenever possible, POs should identify the project site (as determined by the Project Coordinator) or the JPUD Operations Center as the Ship To address. Exceptions (such as large items) may be approved with adequate justification documented.
- 3. When possible, the original purchaser/requestor must be separate from the individual receiving the related goods. The receiver is responsible for:
- a. opening the delivery and reviewing, inspecting, and verifying the contents of the shipment;
- b. documenting the receipt; and
- c. attaching the receiving documentation to the approved PO.

#### H. Year-End Procurement Policies

- 1. Goods and services that relate to the current Fiscal Year must be received no later than December 31<sup>st</sup> and be followed by an invoice dated no later than January 31<sup>st</sup>.
- 2. Purchases for the next Fiscal Year are accepted beginning January 1st.

# I. Monitoring and Reporting Policies

- 1. JPUD must ensure that adequate monitoring procedures are in place for procurement activity. All reviews performed must be adequately documented and unusual activity must be researched and/or addressed. Monitoring procedures performed by the Director of Finance, or designee, and reviewed and approved by the General Manager must include, at a minimum:
- a. Open PO reviews (i.e., items or services have not been received yet); and
- **b.** Cumulative vendor purchase reviews.

#### VI. PROCEDURES

#### A. General Procurement Procedures

1. All employees involved in any aspect of JPUD's purchasing function, including those making requests, approving requests, evaluating quotes/bids, and processing purchases or receiving, are responsible for ensuring that they understand and acknowledge these Procurement Policies and Procedures. If any employee is uncertain about how to apply a policy or procedure related to the purchasing process, they must contact the General Manager for clarification.

# 2. Purchasing Management/Oversight

JPUD's Department Managers, or their designees, are responsible for managing and overseeing the entire purchasing process on behalf of their departments.

# 3. Employee Interests

Refer to JPUD's Conflict of Interest Policies and Procedures for information on reporting actual or potential conflicts of interest.

# **4.** Purchasing Types

Purchases made on behalf of JPUD are funded by either the General Fund or a special fund.

- **a.** General Fund purchases are those that are not associated with any federal or state grant and are funded by JPUD resources.
- b. Special fund purchases are typically associated with a grant, loan, bond, or any other form of funding not included in the General Fund. When purchases are made with special funds, the requestor and all approvers must be aware of any potential compliance requirements that apply.

# 5. Delegation of Authority

Delegation of approval authority is permitted. The delegation must be done in writing (email, memo, etc.) and include the delegator's name/role, person being delegated to name/role, the period in which the delegation is valid, and approval authority being assigned.

6. Per RCW 54.04.070 the District may opt to seek quotes for any work under \$150,000 exclusive of sales tax if more than a single craft or trade is involved with the public works project or under \$75,500 exclusive of sales tax if only a single craft or trade is involved without utilizing the Small Works Roster process.

#### B. Purchase Requestion Procedures

1. Any employee is permitted to initiate a PR. The initiating employee is the requestor of the purchase.

# 2. Budget Verification

Prior to submitting a PR, the requestor must verify that there are enough funds available in the department/program's budget to make the purchase by looking in NISC. If a purchase is

not within the department/program's budget, a budget modification must be requested. Refer to JPUD's Budget Policies and Procedures for more information.

# 3. Purchase Requisition

In general, a PR should include as much of the following information as possible:

- a. Purchase Checklist (Appendix C), which includes:
  - i. Vendor name and contact information
  - ii. Budget line item the purchase will be applied to
  - iii. General ledger account code, if known
  - iv. Item number or other identifying numbers/details, if known
  - v. Description of the goods/services being requested and quantity, if applicable
  - vi. Reason/justification for purchase/need
  - vii. Bill To information
  - viii. Ship To information

The JPUD Operations Center should be used for all purchases that will be shipped unless a Project Coordinator requests an item to be shipped to be job site. A large item might be delivered to the department's physical address, if needed.

- ix. Signature of the requestor
- x. Approval signature of the Department Manager or designee
- **b.** W-9 from vendor
- **c.** Signed contract, if applicable
- d. All approvals via email or physical signature for the purchase based on the purchasing thresholds defined below in Section F (Purchase Request Approval Procedures).

After the budget availability has been verified, the requestor will initiate the PR for all purchases, except for recurring purchases such as utilities or internet. A PR must include all required approval signatures, supporting documentation for all required due diligence (i.e., formal written quotes), as detailed in these policies, and detailed specifications of the goods or the scope of work of services being requested.

# 4. PR Support

PRs submitted without the proper support or approval(s), in compliance with these policies, will not be approved. Supporting documentation must be attached to the PR.

# **5.** PR Modifications

If a previously approved PR needs to be modified, the prospective purchaser will email the reason for the modification along with supporting documentation to the Department Manager to review and approve. After reviewing the modification to ensure it is reasonable and justifiable, the Department Manager will take one of two actions:

- a. If the total price after the PR modification is over \$25,000, the Department Manager will email approval of the modified PO to the General Manager or designee.
- b. If the total price after the PR modification is over \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials), the General Manager will email approval of the modified PR to the Board. The Board must then review and approve the modified PR before the Department Manager can continue with the procurement.

# C. Thresholds for Required Due Diligence Procedures

6. Due Diligence Requirements

The thresholds presented in the following table define the specific level of due diligence required based on the expected dollar amount of the purchase. All employees involved in the procurement process must be knowledgeable of these requirements and should contact the General Manager with questions or if additional guidance is needed.

Purchase Amount	Due Diligence Required					
Up to \$9,999.99 (\$2,000 for federally funded small public work projects)	These are considered "micro purchases" that do not require formal documentation of due diligence, such as quotes or bids. However, employees are encouraged to apply reasonable effort (i.e., evaluate for a fair price and that the goods/services will meet JPUD's needs) in selecting a vendor for purchasing, including assessing options based on their defined purchase need, criteria, and costs.					
\$10,000 (\$2,001 for federally funded small public work projects) to \$29,999.99	These are considered "small purchases" that do require documentation of due diligence. Specifically, JPUD must review all incoming informal quotes. Quotes can be obtained through means such as an online printout, written quote from vendor, or email conversation. Documentation must be made of all quotes obtained.					
\$30,000 to \$75,500 (single craft or trade) \$150,000	These purchases may use any of the below due diligence methods:					
(multiple crafts or trades) \$120,000 for materials	a. Sealed bid process for goods					
\$120,000 for materials	b. Competitive RFP process for professional services					
	c. Alternative bidding procedure of creating a vendor list and seeking quotes from those vendors as allowed under RCW 54.04.082.					
	d. Small Works Roster process					
	These purchases may use any of the below due diligence methods:					

Purchase Amount	Due Diligence Required
\$75,500 (single craft or trade), \$150,000 (multiple crafts or trades) to \$250,000	<ul><li>a. Sealed bid requests for public work projects</li><li>b. Competitive Request for Proposals (RFP) for professional services</li></ul>
crafts of trades) to \$250,000	c. Small Works Roster process
Greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials)	Purchases greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials) require the formal bid process (for goods or public works projects) or competitive RFP process (for professional services). Refer to the detailed requirements presented in Section D below.

#### 7. Alternative Bidding Procedures

- **a.** The General Manager, or designee, will maintain a vendor list workbook that includes the following information, at a minimum:
  - i. Vendor name
  - ii. Vendor address
  - iii. Vendor phone number
  - iv. Vendor category (i.e., sells materials, supplies, and/or services)
- b. The vendor list should be made available to departments in a read-only format to avoid any unwarranted changes to the vendor list.
- c. At least twice per year, MRSC Rosters must submit an advertising request to a local newspaper of general circulation. The advertisement will provide notice of the existence of JPUD's vendor list and will solicit names and contact information of vendors who wish to be added to the vendor list.
  - i. MRSC Rosters is responsible for collecting responses from the advertisement and for adding the new vendors to the vendor list.
- **d.** When departments wish to use the vendor list, they must obtain at least three quotes from three different vendors. These quotes can be obtained via telephone or in writing.
- e. The department conducting the purchasing must retain all physical quotes obtained and must document any verbal quotes obtained. These quotes should be retained in a JPUD shared drive.
  - i. Public inspection of the quotes is permissible upon request, and the department that conducted the quote research must provide all quotes if requested.
  - 8. Small Works Roster Procedures
- a. MRSC Rosters shall maintain one or more small works rosters depending on different project specialties, categories of anticipated work, or geographic areas serviced by contractors on the small works roster.

- **b.** JPUD shall provide access to MRSC Rosters to applicable employees such as Finance Department employees or Project Managers.
- c. When soliciting quotes from contractors on the MRSC Rosters small works roster, the General Manager, or designee, will work with the designated Project Coordinator to include the estimated scope of work for the project, which must include:
  - i. The nature of the work to be performed
  - ii. The materials and equipment to be furnished
- **d.** As part of the quote solicitation process, the General Manager, or designee, will inform contractors on the MRSC Rosters small works rosters that quotes must be submitted in written or electronic format. The General Manager, or designee, will include:
  - i. The proper mailing address for contractors to mail written quotes
  - ii. The proper email address for contractors to email written quotes
- **e.** The General Manager, or designee, will monitor for incoming quotes. This review should be conducted with the appropriate Project Coordinator as needed.
- f. For small public works projects (estimated at less than \$150,000 not including sales tax), the Project Coordinator, or designee, can decide to avoid the competitive quote process as detailed above and contract directly with a small business.
  - i. The Project Coordinator, or designee, must thoroughly review the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster and verify the number of contractors that meet the definition of small business.
  - ii. If there are six or more small business contactors on the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster, the Project Coordinator must document the selected contractor in the MRSC Rosters platform.
  - iii. If there are five or fewer small business contractors on the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster, the Project Coordinator should document the selected contractor in the MRSC Rosters platform.
  - iv. If, at any point in the above process, the Project Coordinator decides not to follow each guideline as written, then they must electronically invite bids from all contractors on the applicable MRSC Rosters small works roster and should review bids received to award to the lowest, responsible bidder.
- g. Annually, the General Manager, or designee, will generate a listing of contracts awarded via the small works roster to make available for public review. The General Manager, or designee, should work with each department to evaluate which contracts were awarded via the small works roster to help ensure that the list is comprehensive. This list shall contain:
  - i. The name of the contractor or vendor awarded the contract
  - ii. The amount of the contract
  - iii. A brief description of the type of work performed or items purchases under the contract
  - iv. The contract award date

v. The location where the bid quotes for the contract are available for public inspection

# D. Formal Request for Proposal and Bid Procedures

- 1. Competitive RFP Requirements
- a. When a requesting department identifies a purchase need that is related to professional services and is expected to be \$250,000, or over, the formal competitive RFP process must be applied and documented. In addition, there may be instances where the RFP process is appropriate for purchases expected to be less than \$250,000. However, these situations are evaluated on a case-by-case basis and determined by the appropriate Department Manager or designee, based on the situation. The Project Coordinator or designee is responsible for initiating the RFP process, as described below in item 4 (RFP and Bid Process Notice Inviting Proposals/Bids). On a case-by-case basis, the RFQ process may be combined with the RFP basis.
- b. For professional services pertaining to architecture, engineering, land surveying, or landscape architecture that exceed \$250,000 for annual service agreements or on a project basis, the Project Coordinator will first seek a Statement of Qualifications (SOQ) from firms lawfully engaged to provide the services that JPUD needs, unless the General Manager determines that the RFQ and RFP Process should be combined.
  - i. The Project Coordinator will publish an announcement when JPUD needs any of the above services, and this announcement must include the general scope and nature of the project as well as the Project Coordinator's address to be able to provide further details to firms who request such details.
  - ii. The Project Coordinator will evaluate the SOQs that come in from firms and determine which firms qualify for the RFP process (detailed below). Cost of the project shall not be requested when evaluating RFPs for these specific types of professional services.
  - iii. The Project Coordinator shall include a plan to make sure that minority, women, and veteran-owned firms are afforded the maximum practicable opportunity to compete for these services (RCW 39.80.040).

# 2. Sealed Bid Request Requirements

When a requesting department identifies a purchase need that is related to goods (equipment, goods, supplies, etc.) and the purchase is expected to be \$120,000 or over, the formal bid process must be applied and documented. In addition, there may be instances where the formal bid process is appropriate for purchases expected to be less than \$120,000. The Project Coordinator, or designee, is responsible for initiating the formal bid process.

- 3. Pre-RFP and Bid Process Budget Verification and Board Authorization
- a. The Project Coordinator, or designee, must confirm, before initiating the RFP or bid process, that there is enough budget for the potential project/service requiring the RFP process or for the goods requiring the bid process.

- b. After confirming the budget availability, the Project Coordinator, or designee, will post an agenda item for the Board to authorize JPUD to go out for bids. The approval must be documented in meeting minutes, and the Project Coordinator, or designee, can proceed to the next step in the process after receiving Board approval.
  - 4. RFP and Bid Process Notice Inviting Proposals/Bids
    - The Project Coordinator, or designee, will prepare a notice inviting proposals (for the RFP process) and an Invitation of Bids (for the bid process). In general, the formal notice inviting proposals/bids should include, at a minimum, the following:
- **a.** General or detailed description of the goods/services, and any required specifications or other information required;
- b. Details on bond and/or surety requirements, if applicable;
- **c.** Requirements for submitting proposals/bids (required content/format of the proposals/bids, minimum qualifications, sealed requirements, etc.);
- d. The time, date, location, and method (email or mail/hand delivery) for submitting proposals/bids;
- e. Evaluation and award criteria and specifications, and any related scoring metrics that will be applied;
- f. Any preferences that will be applied to responsive bidders (e.g., specific types of businesses or ownership of businesses);
- g. Information on the proposal/bid opening process and non-acceptance of late submissions;
- h. Notification that any questions related to the RFP/bid should be made via email and directed to the General Manager, or designee (not the requesting department, if possible) to help ensure that all potential vendors must receive the same information; and
- i. Notification to prospective proposers/bidders that all proposers/bidders must include a statement within their proposal/bid certifying that they are not suspended or debarred from participating in government contracts, subcontracts, loans, grants, and other assistance programs. By submitting a proposer/bid, vendors are certifying that they understand the regulations included in 2 CFR Section 200.214 and that their company is not currently suspended or debarred.
- j. For public works projects estimated to cost \$2,000,000 or more, the Project Coordinator, or designee, must include a specification that the bidders will ensure that no less than 15 percent of the labor hours will be performed by apprentices to comply with RCW 39.04.320.
  - i. On July 1, 2026, this requirement changes to cover projects estimated to be \$1,500,000 or more.
  - ii. On July 1, 2028, this requirement changes to cover projects estimated to be \$1,000,000 or more.
  - 5. Notice Review and Posting
- a. Completed/drafted notice for RFPs and bids must be submitted to the General Manager for review and approval. The General Manager will perform a high-level review to ensure that all required information is included and the notice appears reasonable.

- b. Once reviewed/approved, the General Manager will notify the department that submitted the invitation draft that they can proceed with publishing/notification of the invitation.
  - i. The notices must be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the area and a trade journal or posted on JPUD's website. It may also be disseminated via email/U.S. Mail to at least three prospective bidders, when feasible, and to all those who have requested to be placed on the bidders list.
  - ii. For grant funded projects, the notice must also be published with the Washington State Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises to comply with RCW 39.19.060. It must also be published once per week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation and the Washington State Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises.
  - 6. Proposal/Bid Receipt, Opening, and Evaluation

# a. Proposal/Bid Receipt

Proposals/bids must be received by the District prior to the proposal/bid closing to be considered responsive. Upon receipt, all proposals/bids must be date and time-stamped by the District employee who received the proposal/bid.

#### **b.** Selection Committee

A selection committee must be established for each proposal/bid invitation. The selection committee will always include at least two employees:

- i. At least one individual from the requesting/procuring department (either the Project Coordinator or their designee); and
- ii. The General Manager or designee.

# c. Proposal/Bid Opening

Proposals/bids received must not be opened or viewed before the designated date/time of the declared opening, and all members of the defined selection committee must be present. The opening details (date/time, members present, etc.) must be documented.

#### d. Proposal/Bid Analysis

Proposal/bid responses are reviewed by the selection committee and must include performing an evaluation based on the criteria and requirements outlined in the RFP/bid request that was issued. In all cases, all selection committee members must evaluate the proposal/bid selection and the evaluation must be documented. The reasoning for the selection of a specific proposer/bidder must be adequately documented, and if the lowest responsive bidder is not selected, the documentation must justify why a higher-priced alternative was selected. The selection and award must be properly documented and all supporting documentation related to the proposal/bid request (e.g., all submitted proposals/bids, and scoring and selection documentation) must be scanned and attached to the related PR by the requesting department. Once the PR is completed

and documentation is physically attached, it is submitted through the standard PR approval process.

#### e. Vendor Selection Criteria

The Vendor Scorecard Template should be used for proposal/bid evaluations. Selection criteria must include, at a minimum and as applicable, the following:

- i. Price
- ii. Quality of goods/services
- iii. Availability of goods/services within the required delivery time
- iv. After-sale services, including availability of parts/supplies
- v. Bidder's/Proposer's previous records of performance and service
- vi. The ability, capacity, and skill of the bidder to perform the contract or provide the
- vii. service required
- viii. The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience, and efficiency of the bidder
- ix. Whether the bidder can perform the contract within the time specified
- x. The previous and existing compliance by the bidder with laws relating to the contract or services
- xi. Whether, within the three-year period immediately preceding the date of the bid solicitation, the bidder has been determined by a final and binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the department of labor and industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court of limited or general jurisdiction to have willfully violated, as defined in RCW 49.48.082, any provision of chapter 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW
- xii. Financial stability of vendor
- xiii. Payment terms
- xiv. Warranty offered
- xv. Ability to provide samples
- xvi. Small and minority-owned businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firm preference (as defined by 2 CFR Section 200.321)

# f. No Proposals/Bids Received

If there are no proposals/bids received, then the requesting department can work with the General Manager to utilize the most reasonable means of identifying a qualified vendor for the purchase. Documentation should be made of either the informal bid/quote process performed, or it should be documented that the sole source procurement requirements were met due to the lack of responsive vendors.

g. Interpretation of Bid and Proposal Specifications

Interpretation of written bid or proposal specifications shall not be made to prospective bidders or proposers. If a prospective bidder discovers discrepancies or omissions in any

specification, or if the bidder or proposer is in doubt of the meaning of any specifications, the bidder shall request a written interpretation or modification from JPUD. All questions and requests must be directed to the General Manager who will be responsible for obtaining and communicating a response.

- i. Any response to written questions or requests must be provided, in writing, to all prospective vendors.
- ii. If a pre-bid conference is appropriate or required, the Project Coordinator, or designee, and the Department Manager must be in attendance.

# h. Equal Bids

Whenever two or more equivalent bids are received, the selection committee shall:

- i. First, select the bid that involves small business and labor surplus area concerns
- ii. Second, if the bid was not awarded according to item i. above, select the bid that involves small business concerns.
- iii. Third, if the first two items still yield equal bids, then JPUD will choose a non-biased approach, such as cutting a deck of cards or flipping a coin. The remaining bidders should be invited to this non-biased decision.
- i. Debarment by the Federal Government or Other Agencies

Any vendor/company engaged in, or prospective vendor/company pursuing business with JPUD may be subject to debarment for violating the policies set forth in these policies and procedures. Specific acts that could lead to debarment include:

i. The offer of gratuity to any employee of JPUD by a vendor or prospective vendor shall be cause for barring the vendor from bidding on any future JPUD purchase or contract.

#### 7. Notification of Rejection

- a. After vendor/contractor selection is completed, all respective vendors that were not selected must be notified in writing of rejection. The Project Coordinator or their designee will provide the notification within seven days of the vendor selection process. Documentation of the rejection notifications must be retained.
- **b.** JPUD will also return any bid bonds with the rejection notification to all but the two lowest, responsible bidders.
  - i. If the successful bidder fails to enter into the contract that JPUD sends, the bid guarantee is forfeited and the contract is awarded to the next-lowest bidder.
  - ii. If the lowest, responsible bidder enters into the contract with JPUD, the guarantee for the second-lowest, responsible bidder will be returned.

#### 8. Notification of Award

After vendor/contractor selection is completed and the related PR is approved, the Project Coordinator or their designee will notify the Board of the selected vendor/contractor to

obtain authorization to award the contract. The Project Coordinator, or designee, should post an agenda item for the Board to authorize JPUD to award the contract. The approval must be documented in meeting minutes, and the Project Coordinator, or designee, can contact the selected vendor/contractor. The notification of award may be done in writing; however, the department must ensure that the documentation is retained.

#### 9. Proposal/Bid Protest

For purposes of this section only, the reference to "bids" also applies to proposals that come under protest. Unless otherwise documented and approved, the following bid protest procedures shall apply to all JPUD bids:

- a. Only bidders who submitted a timely proposal/bid may file a protest.
- **b.** The bid protest must be in writing.
- **c.** Protests based on alleged defects, ambiguities, or improprieties in the notice inviting bid and bid specifications must be filed with JPUD prior to the deadline for bid submittal.
- **d.** All other protests must be filed and received by JPUD not more than two business days after bidders receive notification of JPUD's intent to award the contract.
- **e.** If a bidder requests copies of the bids received on a public works project within two business days of bid opening, then JPUD must provide the requested bid copies according to RCW 39.04.105.
- f. JPUD must then allow two business days after providing bid copies, if any, before executing a contract for the public works project.
- g. The written bid protest must set forth, in detail, all grounds for the bid protest, including without limitation all facts, supporting documentation, legal authorities, and argument in support of the grounds for the bid protest. All factual contentions must be supported by competent, admissible, and credible evidence.
- h. Any matters not set forth in the written bid protest shall be deemed waived.
- i. Any bid protest not conforming to procedure will be rejected by JPUD as invalid and shall constitute a waiver of any right to further pursue a bid protest.
- j. If a bidder adheres to the above stipulations, then the General Manager and Project Coordinator will discuss and review the protest documentation to determine the best course of action, which might include rebutting the protest or re-issuing the bid or proposal invite to allow all bidders/proposers the same opportunity. The decision must be documented and a response must be provided, in writing, to the protestor.

#### 10. Contracting

Upon award to a specified vendor, the contracting process will be initiated. Additionally, a Notice to Proceed must also be issued indicating that the vendor can commence work. Refer to JPUD's Contract Management Policies and Procedures for information.

#### E. Purchasing Process Exception Procedures

1. Sole Source Procurement Criteria

For a purchase to qualify as a sole source procurement, one of the following criteria must

apply (RCW 39.04.280):

- a. The item is only available from a single source (such as a proprietary item or a component of an existing system or piece of equipment that is only supported by one vendor);
- b. The emergency nature of the purchase will not permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation (see item 3 below for Emergency Purchase Criteria);
- c. The purchase involves a special facility or market conditions;
- **d.** The purchase is for insurance or bonds;
- e. The federal awarding or granting agency (if purchased with grant funds) expressly authorized non-competitive proposal/bids in response to a written request by JPUD;
- f. A contractor providing goods or services is of such a unique nature or sole availability at the location required that the contractor is clearly and justifiably the only practicable source to provide the goods or services (see RCW 39.26.010) where use of federal funds is not a factor (unless specifically permitted by the federal agency, in writing); or
- g. After solicitation from several sources, competition is determined inadequate.

# 2. Sole Source Procurement Process

If it is determined that a purchase meets one of the above criteria, the requestor must complete a Sole Source Justification Form that describes the nature of the purchase, the vendor/contractor to be used, the estimated cost, and the specific situation/circumstance that qualifies the purchase as meeting one of the defined criteria previously described. The form must be addressed to and must be approved by the Board via Board Resolution. The approved form must be attached to the PR.

After a contract ends, a Sole Source Justification Form must be completed again each time JPUD wishes to use the same vendor. If no contract is in place, but JPUD wishes to use the same vendor, then a Sole Source Justification Form must be completed at least every two (2) years. The form must be approved by the Board via Board Resolution.

# 3. Emergency Purchase Criteria

Emergency purchases are not valid for contrived urgencies resulting from lack of planning and organization. Emergency is defined as a sudden, unexpected occurrence that poses a clear and imminent danger. It requires immediate action to prevent or mitigate the loss or impairment of life, health, property, or essential service. For a purchase to qualify as an emergency purchase, it must be determined that an emergency condition exists (see RCW 39.04.280). An emergency condition must meet one of the following criteria:

- a. A threat to public health, welfare, or safety;
- **b.** A threat to JPUD property, including situations such as floods, fires, riots, acts of terrorism, equipment failures or similar events exist;
- c. An immediate and serious need for services, supplies, or equipment that cannot be met through normal procurement processes and the lack of which could cause serious threat; or
- **d.** The preservation or protection of JPUD property.

#### 4. Emergency Purchase Process

If a department must make an emergency purchase and has determined that one of the above criteria is met, they should make every effort to first contact (verbal, email, etc.) the General Manager, advise them of the emergency that has arisen, and request verbal or written approval. Documentation of any efforts made to obtain prior approval should be made. Within 72 hours of the emergency purchase, the Department Manager is responsible for initiating a PR and including a brief summary describing the nature of the purchase, the vendor/contractor used, the actual cost, the specific situation/circumstance that qualifies the purchase as meeting one of the defined criteria described above, and any efforts made to obtain prior approval from the General Manager. After the General Manager reviews, they must send the documentation to the Board for review and approval.

# 5. Emergency Purchase Payments

When an emergency purchase must be made, the person making the purchase can make payment utilizing any reasonable payment method. Options include requesting a manual check to be issued, utilizing an JPUD credit card or petty cash (if available), or paying out of pocket for the purchase with personal funds and requesting expense reimbursement.

#### F. Purchase Request Approval Procedures

1. The requestor of a purchase is responsible for ensuring that all required fields of the PR are completed, that all required due diligence for the purchase has been performed and documented, and that the documentation has been attached to the PR.

#### 2. PR Approvals

The approval levels below are required, based on the dollar threshold of the PR.

Approver	Required	Responsibilities of Approver
Department Manager or designee	All purchases for their department	<ul> <li>Ensure that the goods or services requested are necessary and appropriate;</li> <li>Ensure that budget is available for the purchase;</li> <li>Review supporting documentation (quotes, bids, proposal support, etc.) for the purchase to verify that all required due diligence, by this policy, was performed and is properly supported; and</li> <li>If the purchase is being funded by a grant, assess whether the purchase is allowable under the terms of the grant award.</li> </ul>

Approver	Required	Responsibilities of Approver
General Manager	All purchases for JPUD greater than \$25,000	<ul> <li>For all JPUD purchases greater than \$25,000, the General Manager, or designee, must:</li> <li>Ensure that the PO is completed fully;</li> <li>Confirm all required supporting documentation is attached;</li> <li>If for a grant, assess whether the purchase is allowable under the terms of the grant award; and</li> <li>Ensure the general ledger coding of the expense is correct. If coding is incorrect, the error should be corrected and compared to the budget. If deemed necessary, the PO should be routed back to the department for another review/approval.</li> </ul>
Board	All purchases greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials)	For all JPUD purchases greater than \$250,000 (\$120,000 for materials), the Board must:  • Assess whether the purchase appears reasonable and consistent with JPUD's goals and responsibilities; and  • Review to provide a final approval for the commitment of funds.

# G. Receiving Procedures

# 1. Required Receiving

The procurement process cannot be completed without certification that the goods and/or services procured have been received entirely to JPUD's satisfaction. The procedures for receiving goods and/or services are important in ensuring that vendors have entirely met their obligations. Once JPUD has certified that goods and/or services have been received to their satisfaction, then payment can be processed. Please see JPUD's Accounts Payable Policies and Procedures for details about the payment process.

#### 2. Receiving Location

As previously described, POs should identify the project site (as determined by the Project Coordinator) or the JPUD Operations Center in the "Ship To" address. Exceptions may be approved for a shipment to be made directly to a department; however, justification must be noted on the original Purchase Checklist. Situations that may warrant a shipment to be sent directly to a department include large quantities or size of the order, and installation at the time of delivery.

#### 3. Receiving Requirements

When possible, the original purchaser/requestor must be separate from the individual receiving the related goods. This separation of duties is intended to ensure that the same individual is not requesting a purchase and receiving the related goods. Shipments/deliveries received at the Operations Center will be physically received and verified by the designated personnel. The receiver is responsible for performing the following:

- a. Opening the delivery and reviewing the receiving report or packing slip;
- **b.** Inspecting the goods received for proper condition;
- c. Comparing the goods received (quantity and specific items) to the receiving report/packing slip;
- d. Comparing the goods received (quantity, quality, and specific item accuracy) to the approved PO;
- e. If no variances are identified, signing and dating the receiving report/packing slip and entering into NISC as received signifying confirmation;
- f. Addressing discrepancies/variances in compliance with the detailed procedures below; and
- g. Attaching the signed/dated receiving report/packing slip to the approved PO.
- h. For projects up to \$10,000 JPUD may utilize the use of dig slips to compare to invoices instead of using a PO. The respective project manager, or designee, will compare labor, material, and/or equipment hours to the invoice to ensure the amounts agree.

# 4. Discrepancies/Variances

If any discrepancies/variances are identified during the receiving process, such as unsatisfactory goods/items, goods or units missing, wrong items received, or received goods differing from the approved PO or receiving report/packing slip, the receiver must notify the original requestor immediately so they can coordinate fixing the issue with the vendor. Notification is required within one business day of receipt.

#### 5. Back Order/Short Shipments

If a vendor delivers a partial order because some items are on back order, the department that requested the order is responsible for monitoring the order until the remaining items are received. If the items are not received in a reasonable time and another source is available, the department that originally made the purchase should work to cancel the remaining order, if appropriate.

#### **6.** Returns

Some vendors may not refund 100% of the purchase price if items are returned. Instead, they may retain some percentage of the purchase price as a restocking charge. If this is the case, the requesting department will be responsible for such charges. All returns should be coordinated with the Accountant, who will work to ensure the return is processed through Accounts Payable to monitor the receipt of any financial refund owed.

# 7. Payment Processing

The recipient department is responsible for submitting vendor invoices if received directly, to Accounts Payable. Accounts Payable will verify whether all required approvals have been documented. All payments must be made by the contractual terms between the vendors and

JPUD. Refer to JPUD's Accounts Payable Policies and Procedures.

#### H. Year-End Procedures

- 1. Financial Close Current Fiscal Year
- a. Goods and services that relate to the current fiscal year must be received no later than December 31st and be followed by an invoice dated no later than January 31st.
- **b.** Items that are ordered but not received until after December 31st will be charged to the next fiscal year.
- c. The deadline for all invoices for the closing fiscal year is January 31st. Employee must closely monitor their invoice approval queues to ensure timely handling of the year-end invoices.
  - 2. Financial Close Next Fiscal Year

JPUD starts accepting PO requests starting on January 1st. All services and goods must be shipped and delivered after January 1st.

#### 3. Year-End Close

Refer to JPUD's Financial Reporting, Close, and Reconciliations Policies and Procedures for detailed information on the year-end close process.

# I. Monitoring and Reporting Procedures

1. The Finance Department is responsible for ensuring that adequate monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that any inappropriate activity, errors, or outstanding purchases are identified and addressed promptly. Specifically, the following activities, at a minimum, will be in place:

# a. Open PO Review

The Finance Department will perform a full review of all open POs at least semi-annually. This review must be conducted within 15 business days of each half year.

- i. Over 60 Days: If any open POs have been outstanding more than 60 days, the Finance Department will contact the requesting department to determine if the POs should be closed.
- ii. Small Balances: Any small dollar balances (such as \$0.01) will be marked for
- iii. Review: The General Manager, or designee, will review the report with any notes and any POs that need to be closed will be routed through Accounts Payable process for payment.

#### b. Cumulative Vendor Purchases Review

Semi-annually, the Finance Department will generate a report from NISC within 15 business days of each half year, to assess the following:

- i. Total JPUD purchases, by vendor, year to date
- ii. Total purchases by vendor, by department, year to date

These reports will be assessed to identify where small purchases across multiple departments exceed \$250,000 or are expected to exceed \$250,000 for the year, for consideration of whether the RFP or bid process should be performed. In addition, purchases by department will be assessed for any signs of potential split-purchases (i.e., departments splitting purchases into smaller amounts, to the same vendor, to prevent going through the RFP/bid process). These assessments will be formally documented, including any follow-up that occurs. The report, with all notes, will be provided to the General Manager, or designee, for review and approval. This review is documented on the reports.

# 2. Record Keeping

All monitoring reviews and efforts will be documented. Reports and any supporting documentation will be retained in accordance with JPUD requirements.

APPENDIX A – SOLE JUSTFICATION REQUEST FORM

APPENDIX B – VENDOR SCORECARD TEMPLATE

APPENDIX C – PURCHASE CHECKLIST

#### Sole Source Justification Form

#### Jefferson County Public Utilities District

310 Four Corners Road Port Townsend, WA 98368

Date:	Invoice #:
Department:	
Contact:	Phone:
Vendor Name:	Cost:
Sole Sou	urce Justification
Check all that apply. Att	tach supporting documentation.
The item is only available from a single source system or piece of equipment that is only support that is only support to the system of t	e (such as a proprietary item or a component of an existing pported by one vendor).
2. The emergency nature of the purchase will n	oot permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation.
3. The federal awarding or granting agency (if p competitive proposals/bids in response to a	ourchased with grant funds) expressly authorized non- written request from JPUD.
, 55	f such a unique nature or sole availability at the location stifiably the only practicable source to provide the goods or factor.
5. After a solicitation from a number of sources	s, competition is determined inadequate.
The undersigned requests that competitive procurem this form be purchased as a sole source.	ent be waived and that the service or material described in
Requested by	Date
See Jefferson County Public Utilities Distri	ict Board of Commissioners formal resolution for

approval.

Instructions:

Update the Vendor name and contact info.

Update the Required Fields below to match org specific requirements.

Update the Justification items to match org specific requirements.

Update the signature lines at the bottom of the form to match org specific form approval requirements.

Select all form rows/columns. Page Layout > Page Setup. Print > Fit to selection. Scaling > Fit sheet on one page. Print > Save as PDF.

Open PDF in Adobe Acrobat. Select More Tools > Prepare Form. This should create a form field for every text box on the form. You can delete the signature forms and add digital signature boxes, if needed. You can also add a Reset button by adding a "Print" or "Clear" button and customizing with a RESET label and an action to reset the form.

# **VENDOR SCORECARD TEMPLATE**

# **CRITERIA CHECKLIST**

\*Prior to use, update criteria as needed to be consistent with RFP. Update basis for scoring to have qualitative scoring details.

Scores Available from 1-5. Basis for scoring must be listed with specific examples.

1. Adherence to RFP Instructions	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Timeliness	0	0	0	
Completeness	0	0	0	
Overall Quality & Level of Professionalism	0	0	0	
Overall Response	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
2. Company Information	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Financial Viability	0	0	0	
Organizational Structure	0	0	0	
Experience with Similar Companies	0	0	0	
Service Department	0	0	0	
References	0	0	0	
Partnerships	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
3. Project Understanding	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Overall Comprehension of Project Objectives	0	0	0	
Understanding of the Business Requirements	0	0	0	
Understanding of the Business Vision	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
4. Requirements	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Completeness of Vendor Response	0	0	0	
Vendor Ability to Meet Requirements	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
5. Product Viability & History	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Technology Is Sustainable	0	0	0	
Product Roadmap	0	0	0	
Product Development Life-Cycle	0	0	0	

Criteria Checklist				Scores Available from 1-5. Basis for scoring must be listed with specific examples.
New Release Process	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
6. Terms & Conditions	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Detailed Buyer Duties	0	0	0	
Terms & Conditions	0	0	0	
Purchase Agreement Details	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
7. Vendor Software Demonstration	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
Solution Is Integrated	0	0	0	
Aligns with Company Objectives	0	0	0	
Third-Party Products Shown	0	0	0	
Ease of Use	0	0	0	
System Performance	0	0	0	
Flow & Simplicity	0	0	0	
System Ability To Handle Requirements	0	0	0	
Flexibility, Tailorability, Extensibility	0	0	0	
Ability to Answer Questions	0	0	0	
Application Robustness	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	
8. Fee Summary	VENDOR 1	VENDOR 2	VENDOR 3	BASIS FOR SCORE
License Fees	0	0	0	
Maintenance Fees	0	0	0	
Purchase Timeline	0	0	0	
Licensing Period	0	0	0	
Other Fees	0	0	0	
Average Score	0	0	0	

<sup>\*</sup>Change weights based on company requirements. Total score should = 1.00

CRITERIA SCORES	WEIGHT	VENDOR 1 WEIGHTED SCORE	VENDOR 2 WEIGHTED SCORE	VENDOR 3 WEIGHTED SCORE	NOTES
1. Adherence to RFP Instructions	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	

2. Company Information	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3. Project Understanding	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	
4. Requirements	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5. Product Viability & History	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	
6. Terms & Conditions	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7. Vendor Demonstration	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	
8. Fee Summary	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total Score	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

#### PURCHASE CHECKLIST

#### Jefferson County Public Utilities District

Bil	l To									Depar	tment
	Vendo	r Name				Addre	ss		State		Zip
											<u> </u>
Today's D	ate	Requ	ested by Date	Shipping	Instru	ctions		Phone		Fi	эх
Prgm Code	Gra	nt#	G.L. Account	Item #	Qty		Item	Description	Unit Co	ost	Amount
Special Notes:								<u> </u>	TO	TAL \$	
								Finance Dept. Use Only	10	IAL 3	
								Department Manager			
Required due diligence type (for purchases \$10,000 or greater):  Informal quote  RFP/Bid  Sole Source Emergency  Was a W-9 obtained from the vendor (if not already on file)?  Reason for purchase:  Payment Type:  Wires/ACH  Cut Check (Invoice Attached)  JPUD Credit Card  Reimbursement over \$25 (Receipt Attached)  Dept. Transfer  Petty Cash Reimbursement  Reason for purchase:											
Did you obtain			ed with this Che	cklict?							
		IIICIUU	ed with this Che	CKIISE:							
If no, why not	?										
RFP/Bid: Did you comp	lete the	notice	for inviting pro	posals/bids to b	oe sen	t to the Dep	t. Ma	nager?			
Sole Source: Did you comp	lete the	Sole S	ource Justificati	on Request For	m?						
Emergency: Did you include	le a brie	ef sumn	nary of the purc	hase to the Dep	ot. Ma	nager, alon	g with	the other required info	0?		
	h				Data						

Department Approval

Invoice #

Instructions:
Update the Vendor name and contact info.
Update the Required Fields below to match org specific requirements.
Update the signature lines at the bottom of the form to match org specific form approval requirements.

Select all form rows/columns. Page Layout > Page Setup. Print > Fit to selection. Scaling > Fit sheet on one page. Print > Save as PDF.

Open PDF in Adobe Acrobat. Select More Tools > Prepare Form. This should create a form field for every text box on the form. You can delete the signature forms and add digital signature boxes, if needed. You can also add a