

The Other Outage Season-Underground Faults

Unlike in winter, spring outages can occur when skies are clear and hardly a breeze is blowing. In fact, that's usually when they occur, because they're caused by moisture rising out of warming soil and moving past 30-year-old electric lines buried directly in the ground. A pinhole-sized nick is all it takes to lose power to a neighborhood.

Today most of the PUD's underground wire is placed in conduit. Not so in many neighborhoods built in the 80s or before, like Kala Point or Port Ludlow where trenches were dug, and lines were placed.

An underground fault occurs when the outer sheath of a line wears through to the copper within that acts

as the ground. This is known as a "phase-to-ground", causing the outage which is detected by the PUD's outage management system.

Line crews can quickly identify the region via mapping, but defining an exact location requires a mix of experience and a specialized device called a "thumper". A thumper connects to the isolated line section, sending a high voltage pulse that, above ground, can be heard by the line crew. The line crew must walk the length of the isolated line to locate the sound immitted when the voltage exits the fault. The thumper allows crews to step-up voltage until the

see Season on next page

Know Before You Grow-Vegetation Policy

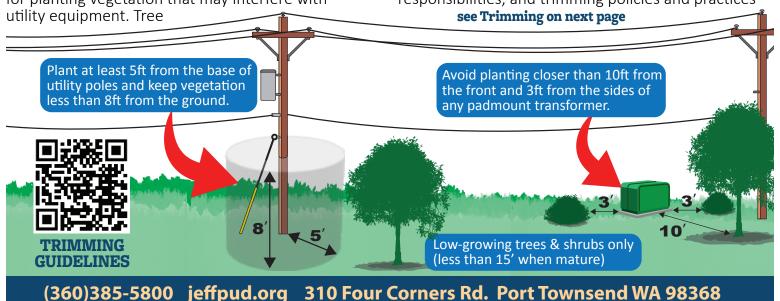
Keep vegetation away from utility equipment to reduce outages.

The PUD commission approved an updated vegetation management policy to help better define utility rights of way, easements, and line clearance expectations for safe access by line crews.

The policy addresses current and future concerns for planting vegetation that may interfere with

and vegetation contact is the number one cause of outages in Jefferson County.

Homeowners who are considering planting near a utility right-of-way should consult the updated policy to better understand required clearances, customer responsibilities, and trimming policies and practices



Meter Installations Now County Wide

After going neighborhood by neighborhood between the U-Haul dealer and Port Hadlock, PUD crews are now installing meters district wide.

The PUD's goal is to replace all of its 21,000 electric meters (some of which are over 50 years old) with new Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) by the end of 2023. AMI meters report reads to the PUD over the air instead of requiring drive up or drive-by reads. They also allow for remote disconnect and reconnect and better incorporate EV charging and renewables like solar or wind.

Please ensure that our crews can access meters on your property. Be sure to remove any clutter or barriers that might get in the way. The meter is owned by the PUD and providing safe access to it

is a requirement of receiving electric service.

Meter readers will knock on your door prior to installation to alert you to a very short power outage. After the visit they will leave a color-coded door hanger indicating either successful replacement, repairs needed, obstructions to the meter, or potential electric

hazards. Learn more on our website: jeffpud.org/ meterprogram.

Season cont...

fault is found. Dirt work contractors then begin to dig. Crews carefully navigate underground faults to avoid other utilities in the area by using specialized vacuum digging devices and digging by-hand.

Once the fault is located, line crew replace the segment and carefully backfill around the line. Further work compacting the soil or applying asphalt may be required as well.

Underground lines require significantly more time to repair compared to overhead lines.



Section of underground line removed during repairs in Kala Point.

Construction of a new underground line is typically 3-5x the cost of overhead. Overhead line sections prone to repeat outages are considered for undergrounding to save on outage response long-term.

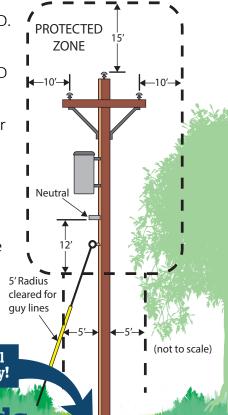
Trimming cont...

employed by the PUD. **During** standard tree removal, crews employed by the PUD cut and leave behind 18-inch-long rounds in the right of way for use by the general public.

Policy updates outline emergency falling of trees and the necessity to leave a tree once the situation is made safe.

Learn more on jeffpud.org/reporttree-problem

Noxious weed removal helps service reliablity!



Getting at the Roots: Noxious Weeds

The PUD is partnering with the Jefferson County Noxious Weed Control Board and AmeriCorps staff to control noxious weeds along transmission line corridors. The PUD needs to keep transmission corridors clear to access lines in case of needed repair.

Crews will remove noxious scotch broom,

poison hemlock, spotted knapweed, and common teasel from line corridors between the Paper Mill and Anderson Lake Rd on June 20-29 and July 18-21.

Questions about the program? Contact the Noxious Weed Coordinator, Sophie DeGroot at sdegroot@co.jefferson.wa.us or (360)316-9332.

Publicly Owned Not For Profit Locally Operated

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What to Kecycle

Glass



Clean bottles and jars **ONLY** Labels OK

NO lids NO blue glass **NO** other glass NO dirty containers!



Plastic and Cans



ONLY bottles & jugs NO lids NO other plastics!

*see back page for more info



Metal cans NO loose lids

NO used plastic bottles for motor oil, antifreeze, weed killer, etc.

Recycling MUST BE rinsed thoroughly, empty, and loose in the bins—not bagged!

Corrugated **Cardboard**





CLEAN CORRUGATED CARDBOARD

NO food, wax or plastic coating

Curbside service: bundle & tie

For all: flatten

Mixed Paper



Boxes, paper bags, newspaper, magazines, office paper, junk mail

If it's not on this list, we can't recycle it! No "wish cycling" please!

Recycling and Household Hazardous Waste drop-off locations

| Jefferson County Recycling Center (Skookum Contract Services) | 301 County Landfill Road, off Jacob Miller Road just outside of Port Townsend. Open Tuesday - Saturday from 9 am to 4:30 pm, except County holidays. Skookum also offers household and commercial paper shredding and electronics recycling services. 360-385-7678. |
|---|--|
| Quilcene Drop Box Facility | 295312 Highway 101, south of the U.S. Forest Service Ranger Station. Open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday from 9-Noon and 12:30-4:30pm. Closed County holidays. |
| Port Hadlock | 202 Elkins Road. Open 24 hours/7 days a week. |
| Kala Point | 20 Village Drive. Open at the discretion of the Village Association. |
| Port Ludlow Village Center | 40 Village Way. Open 24 hours/7 days a week. Secure your load! |
| Household Hazardous Waste Program | Collection events will be held throughout Jefferson County. Refer to www.ieffersoncountysolidwaste.com for the next event. |

If an item is not on our list, it's not recyclable in Jefferson County!

Separating our recycling ensures it is recyclable and reduces contamination.

Want to make a difference? Try this inverted waste pyramid:

Try not to buy items that aren't reusable or Refuse come in plastic or other non-recyclable packaging. Most desirable Buy fewer non-recyclable or non-reusable items. Bring your Reduce own containers for items sold in bulk. Reuse shopping and produce bags. Buy milk or other products in returnable bottles. Use durable and reusable water bottles, Reuse/Return mugs, to-go containers, straws, and silverware. east desirable Recycling is important, but it takes energy to break down paper, glass, metal, and plastic to make new products. In 2021, Jefferson County residents prevented 3,833 tons from going Landfill to the landfill by recycling right! Way to go, Jefferson County!

Zero Waste **Shopping**



Recycle plastics by TYPE, not by NUMBER

Numbers are outdated and misleading. They were not created to tell whether something is recyclable. They stand for which resin is the primary ingredient in the plastic. Any plastic besides bottles and jugs contaminates the load!

- Prescription pill bottles are NOT recyclable.
- Empty plastic bottles that contain hazardous materials like motor oil, antifreeze, weed killer, etc. go in the trash. Bottles containing these products can be brought to HHW collection events.

Department of Public Works Jefferson County, Washington

Compact fluorescent bulbs and tubes

They can be dropped off locally at the Jefferson County Recycling Center and the Quilcene Dropbox Facility. **DO NOT** put them in glass recycling. Due to their mercury content,

they are hazardous waste!

Batteries

· Lithium, button, and rechargeable batteries can be recycled at the Jefferson County **Recycling Center and** the Quilcene Dropbox Facility. These are FIRE **HAZARDS** in the landfill!



 Alkaline batteries are considered safe to put in the trash. They are **NOT** recyclable.



